## Bičak

(Bulgaria)
Yves Moreau learned Bičak (BEE-chuhk) in March 1970 from Ilija Vretenarov, leader of a folk dance group in Kavrakirovo, near Petric, southwest Bulgaria (Macedonia). The dance was popular in the villages around Petriと. Yves presented the dance at the 1970 University of the Pacific Folk Dance Camp and at other workshops, among them North-South Teachers' Seminar at Mt. Cross, Felton, California in October 1980.

RECORD Balkanton BHA 734 Side B/2 14/16 meter (9/16 + 5/16)
RHYTHM:


FORMATION: Open circle or short lines. Hands joined with adjacent dancers, arms down at sides ("V" pos). Originaliy taught in segregated lines with $W$ hands joined with adjacent dancers, elbows bent and down (" W " pos) and M with hands on adjacent dancers shldrs, arms extended ("T" pos). Face LOD, wt on $L$.

STEPS and Lift: Rise onto ball of supporting ft.
STYLING: Hop: Spring from one ft , land on same ft .
Leap: Transfer wt from one ft to the other; both ft off floor at apex of leap.
Jump: Spring from one ft, land on both ft simultaneously.
Ftwk is small and kept close to floor with a smooth rolling action.

## MUSIC 14/16

## PATTERN

Measures

## INTRODUCTION

Leader may start at the beg of any 4 meas phrase and repeat each Fig at will.
I. BASIC (2 meas)
II. HEEL TWIST (2 meas)
III. ROCK (4 meas) (dip) (ct $\underline{6}$ ).

Repeat Fig I, meas 1. face LOD for next step (ct 6).

Lift on L (ct 1); step fwd on R (ct 2); lift on R (ct 3); step fwd on L (ct 4); turn to face ctr and step on $R$ to $R$ side (ct 5); step twd ctr on $L$ with a slight rolling motion

Lift on L (ct 1); step bkwd on R (ct 2); lift on R (ct 3); step bkwd on L (ct 4); bring R $f t$ next to $L$, raise heels, twist them to the $R$ and lower them to the floor ( $\overline{c t} 5$ ); with ft together, raise heels, twist them to the $L$, simultaneously raise $R \mathrm{ft}$ off floor and

Face LOD, lift on L (ct 1); step fwd on $R$ (ct 2); lift on R (ct 3); step fwd on L, leaving $R$ in place (ct 4); shift wt back onto $R \mathrm{ft}$ (ct 5); shift wt fwd onto $L$ (ct 6); The wt shifts are cued as "rock, rock."

2 Face ctr, step on $R$ to $R$ (ct 1); hold (ct 2); step on $L$ behind $R$ (ct 3); step on $R$ to $R$ (ct 4); lift on R, bringing straight L leg around to front (ct 5); step on $L$ in front of $R$, bending $L$ knee and bringing $R \mathrm{ft}$ up just behind $L$ ankle (ct 6).

3 In place, rock bkwd on $R$, fwd on $L$, and repeat (cts $1,2,3,4$ ); lift on $L$, bringing straight $R$ leg around to front (ct 5); step on $R$, in front of $L$, bending $R$ knee and bringing $L f t$ up just behind $R$ ankle (ct 6).

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4 Repeat meas 3 with opp ftwk, but on ct 6 bring $L f t$ far enough around to step on it in LOD, pivoting on ball of $R \mathrm{ft}$ as Lft is brought around.
IV. LEAP (4 meas)

1 Face $L O D$, lift on $L$ (ct 1); step fwd on R (ct 2); lift on R (ct 3); step fwd on L (ct 4); step fwd R,L (cts 5,6).

2
Hop on L (ct 1); step fwd on R (ct 2); low jump onto both ft, L ft a little fwd of R (ct 3); leap onto R, turning to face ctr, $L$ ft off floor (ct 4); leap fwd twd ctr onto L, bringing $R$ ft up just behind $L$ ankle (ct 5); leap back on $\begin{gathered}\text { to } R \text {, raising } L f t ~ a c r o s s ~ i n ~\end{gathered}$ front of R leg, knee bent (ct 6).
3-4 Turning to face RLOD, repeat meas 1-2 with opp ftwk and direction.
Yves usually dances the following sequence:

| Introduction - 4 meas |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fig I | 6 x |
| Fig II | 4 x |
| Fig III | 4 x |
| Fig IV | 4 x |
| Fig I | 4 x |
| Fig II | 5 x |
| Fig III | 2x |
| Fig IV | once |

Another popular sequence:
Introduction - 4 meas
Fig I 2x
Fig II $4 x$
Fig III $4 x$
Fig IV $2 x$
Fig I $2 x$
Fig II $4 x$
Fig III $4 x$
Fig IV $\quad 4 x$ plus 2 meas of a 5 th time

- Yves emphasizes that it is more fun if each leader determines sequence!!

Description written April 1986

