Gau Shan Ching
(Taiwan)

Gau Shan Ching or Gao Shan Qing (gow shahn chihn) is a non-partner dance with a complex history. The lyrics are about the beauty of Ali Mountain inhabited by the Tzou tribe of aboriginal Taiwanese (see lyrics below). The name means "high mountain green" or "the high green mountain" or "the high mountain is green." The song after which the dance is named, was written in 1949 by the famous poet Yu-ping Deng in collaboration with the lyricist Lan-Ping Jou. It is also the theme song of the movie "The Magnificent Happenings on Mt. Ali," directed by Cheh Chang. The song is now popular throughout Taiwan, and has even spread around the world as a representative of Taiwanese culture.

The dance was first choreographed by Professor Chang-Shong Yang in 1973. The steps are based on general aboriginal styles, and are not specific to the Tzou tribe. In fact Professor Yang reports that although the Tzou tribe members are excellent singers, they are not such accomplished dancers. The music for the dance has gone through several revisions. The version used by Yang in the original choreography was maintained until about 2007 or 2008. Then Yang switched to the music accompanying the song as it was sung by Teresa Deng, and the dance was revised slightly to fit this new music. About 2009, a third musical accompaniment was adopted allowing a return to the original choreography. Fang-Chich Chen taught this dance, with a recently added coda, at the 2010 Stockton Folk Dance Camp. It was re-taught by May Wang at the Heritage Festival Institute in San Carlos, Calif., on January 15, 2011.

We are indebted to Wen-Li Chiang for extensive historical notes on this dance, to Tom Sha for discussion of the intricacies of Mandarin pronunciation and transliteration, and to May Wang for information on the symbolism of various figures in the dance.

CD: Folk Dances of Taiwan, Stockton Folk Dance Camp, Band 2; Heritage Festival (San Carlos, CA), 2011, Band 5.

Formation: Closed circle of mixed-sex dancers, or open circle, or even short lines (7 or 8 dancers per line is ideal). Separate lines for men and women are also appropriate. Where relevant, the lead is to the R. Initially hands are joined in V-position.

Steps & Styling: Schottish: This 4 meas motif only resembles the Euro-American schottiche step in that there are 3 steps followed by a lift. Reportedly, in earlier versions of this dance, the dancers stood upright, facing ctr, and did 3 steps (R,L,R) with a lift on L to the R, and then to the L (opp. ftwk). The figure then evolved into the bent over motif described here. According to May Wang, the curve of the head, neck, and back when dancers are bent fwd at the waist symbolizes a cascading mountain stream. Bend fwd at the waist (upper body can be as low as parallel with the floor), hands are held with neighbors, and move bwd in LOD with 3 steps starting on the R (cts 1,2,3); on ct 4 hop on the R while turning to face LOD and swing L ft fwd. In the dance, this meas is repeated moving bwd in RLOD with opp ftwk (meas 2), and then both measures are repeated (meas 3,4).

Grapevine (4 meas): Moving in RInD while facing ctr, step on R across in front of L (bending upper body fwd and to the L, clap hands (ct 1); step on L ft in place, and clap again (ct 2); straighten body and turn abruptly to face LOD while stepping on R ft in LOD and raising hands high while flicking both hands upward and outward (ct 3); step on L ft in LOD while flicking hands again (ct 4). The flicking movements show off bracelets or ring bells worn on the wrists.
1-2 in LOD with opp ftwk (meas 3,4). Movements are smooth and flowing.

**Rock Forward and Back**: Facing ctr and moving slowly to R, rock fwr (fwd ctr) on R ft, bending upper body fwd and with joined hands in W-pos moving fwd as well (ct 1); hop on R while lifting L ft up behind, and swinging joined hands down and back (ct 2); bringing body to upright pos, step on L, starting to bring arms up (ct 3); hop on L bring arms to fully up W-pos and lift R ft in front (ct 4).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measures</th>
<th>4/4 meter</th>
<th>PATTERN</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-8</td>
<td><strong>INTRODUCTION</strong></td>
<td>No action, but on last ct (meas 8) bring hands sharply up to W-pos.</td>
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<tr>
<td>I.</td>
<td><strong>STEP-CLOSE WITH “HEY”</strong></td>
<td>Facing ctr, step to R on R ft with emphasis (no stamp) (ct 1); close L to R (ct 2); repeat ct 1 and ct 2 (cts 3-4). On each step on R, shout &quot;hey&quot; while hands swing down and slightly bkwrd; on each close with the L, hands swing back up. Repeat meas 1, 3 times more.</td>
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<tr>
<td>II.</td>
<td><strong>SLAPPING THIGHS</strong></td>
<td>With ft about shoulder-width apart and knees bent, swing both hands from L to R slapping both thighs in passage, and shifting wt to R ft (ct 1); swing both hands from R to L again slapping both thighs, and shifting wt to L ft (ct 2); swing both hands from L to R but pause momentarily with hands on thighs (ct 3); continue movement of arms to R with more force and flicking hands R at end of swing (ct 4). As wt is shifted to R, L, R, the head is inclined slightly in the same direction.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Repeat meas 1 in opp directions.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Repeat meas 1-2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>III.</td>
<td><strong>SCHOTTISH WITH CLAPS AND FLICKS</strong></td>
<td>Dance Schottish step 4 times: first backing in LOD, then backing in RLOD, LOD, and RLOD in turn.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dance Claps and Flicks step 5 times, moving gradually in LOD.</td>
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<tr>
<td>IV.</td>
<td><strong>GRAPEVINE WITH CLAPS AND FLICKS</strong></td>
<td>Facing R, dance Grapevine sequence in RLOD and then in LOD.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dance Claps and Flicks step 5 times, moving gradually in LOD.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>V.</td>
<td><strong>SCHOTTISH AND ROCK FORWARD AND BACK</strong></td>
<td>Dance Schottish step 4 times as in Fig. III.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dance Rock Forward and Back step 5 times, moving gradually in LOD.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI.</td>
<td><strong>SLAPPING THIGHS</strong></td>
<td>Repeat Fig II (meas 1-4), but add 2 additional meas (repeat meas 1-2).</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Repeat Figs III, IV, and V.</td>
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<td>VII.</td>
<td><strong>STEP-CLOSE WITH HAND FLICK</strong></td>
<td>Step to R on R ft (ct 1), close L to R (ct 2) 8 times. Hands are held high with palms facing; twist hands bringing palms twd dancer, then bring fingers fwr and down (ct 1); continue twisting hands to bring palms facing away with a flick (ct 2). The hand flicks show off bracelets or ring bells worn on the wrists.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VIII. FINALE

There is a 1-meas pause in the music during which dancers bring hands into V-pos with hands joined.

1+

Drop bkwd onto R ft while twisting body 1/4 to R to face LOD and bring bent L leg sharply up high, so that R shoulder dips down, hands come up abruptly to W-pos (ct 1); step on L ft fwd in LOD, bringing body up straight and joined hands down (ct 2). Repeat cts 1 and 2 (cts 3-4). Repeat meas 1 to end of music. The leader leads the line of dancers in any direction, even off the floor, but should not continue dancing in the circle. According to May Wang, this figure serves to show off a woman’s left hip (when the L leg is lifted abruptly) which is viewed in the aboriginal culture as a measure of a women’s potential for bearing children successfully, and of overall strength.

Gau Shan Ching lyrics:

Gao shan qing; jian shui Ian
A-li shan de gu niang mei ru shui ya
A-li shan de shao nian zhuang ru shan
Ah, ah, ah ,....
repeat lines 2 and 3

Gao shan chang qing, jian shui chang Ian
Gu niang han na shao nian shi yong bu fen ya
Bi shui chang wei zhe qing shan zhuan
The high mountain is green; the brook’s water is blue
The girl on Ali Mountain is as beautiful as the water
The boy on Ali Mountain is as strong as the mountain

The song in the music presented at the Stockton Folk Dance Camp includes some nonsense syllables added to the original song as follows:

na lu wan duo yi ya na ya hei, yi ya hei, na lu wan, an duo yi ya na ya hou hai ya, hou yi na lu wan duo yi ya na ya hou ha ya

Where to dance—continued from page 27

TANCE EL DORADO. International. Teens plus. Contact: 530-672-1317 or 530-903-1458.
VIENNA RHYTHM. Contact: 916-395-8791, waltz@strauss.net Website: www.viennesevaluez.net
VILLAGE DANCERS OF MODESTO. Scandinavian, couple. Contact: 209-480-0387, judy_kropp@sbcglobal.net
VINTAGE DANCERS OF SACRAMENTO. American/International. Couple. Contact: 530-888-6886, dancebruce@aol.com:

<><><> Note: Information is subject to change. Call contact numbers for current information. <><>>

Other groups and classes—

BAY AREA—
Rina Israeli Dance. Everyone is welcome. Thursdays, Beginners 10:00 am, Intermediates 11:00 am to 12:30 pm. Osher Marin Jewish Community Center, 200 N. San Pedro Road, San Rafael. For information call 415-444-8000.
Stockton in Exile—First and third Sundays. 10:30 am to 12:30 pm. All requests, mostly Stockton dances. Saratoga School of Dance, 18776 Cox Ave., Saratoga. Call to confirm, Marion Earl 650-793-1166.
Folkdances of Hungary and Transylvania—Wednesdays 8:00 to 10:30 pm. Todd Wagner and Sarah Tull, $7.00 drop-in. Menlo Park Rec. Center, 700 Alma Street, Menlo Park. Call for info: 650-941-0227 or email todd@wagnerhaz.com
At the Dance Palace, 503 B Street, Point Reyes: International Folk Dance: Folk dances from all over the world, including Serbia, Turkey, Rumania, Armenia, Bulgaria, Greece, and Israel. Wednesdays 7-8:15 p.m., (5-week series $45) Contact Carol Friedman 415-663-9512 for information. cjay@horizoncable.com Blog: http://carolfriedmanfolkdance.blogspot.com/
Balkan Dancing at Ashkenaz. Check for day. Dance lesson at 7:00, 7:00-11:00 pm. 1317 San Pablo Avenue, Berkeley, see website for details: www.ashkenaz.com

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